



## CW106C

Pure Copper / Conductive Copper

Standardization:  
**Pure Copper**

### ALLOY DESCRIPTION

It is a low-alloy / high-purity copper material accepted as a reference for applications requiring high electrical and thermal conductivity. It is perfectly suited for extreme cold forming and bending operations.

### CHEMICAL COMPOSITION (% WEIGHT)

Fe (%)	Si (%)	Cr (%)	Zr (%)
max 0.08	max 0.1	0.5 - 1.2	0.03 - 0.3

### MECHANICAL PROPERTIES (MIN.)

Elongation (A) **30**  
 Hardness (HB) **65 - 90**

### PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

Density **8.90 [kg/dm<sup>3</sup>]**  
 Melting Temperature **~1080 - 1083 [°C]**  
 Elk. Conductivity **~45 - 58 [MS/m]**  
 Elasticity Modulus **115 [kN/mm<sup>2</sup>]**

### CASTING / MANUFACTURING METHODS

EK **Extrusion (Rod/Profile)**  
 GS **sand casting**  
 GM **Permanent mold casting**  
 GZ **Centrifugal casting**

### AREAS OF APPLICATION

**Electrical Conductors** **Heat Exchangers**  
**Connectors** **Transformer Parts**  
**Switch Components**

### MACHINABILITY & CHARACTERISTICS

Due to its pure structure, it is extremely ductile. In machining, it forms long and sticky chips, requiring sharp-geometry tools. Very suitable for soldering and welding. It has good natural resistance to corrosive atmospheres.